

External links for Burns

Here are some external links to specific documents produced together/ or by our partner associations and industry peers.

Nature reviews, disease Primers 2020:

[Burn injury](#)

Burn injuries are under-appreciated injuries that are associated with substantial morbidity and mortality. Burn injuries, particularly severe burns, are accompanied by an immune and inflammatory response, metabolic changes and distributive shock that can be challenging to manage and can lead to multiple organ failure. The aim of this Primer is not only to give an overview and update about burn care, but also to raise awareness of the ongoing challenges and stigmata associated with burn injuries.



Wounds Canada 2018:

[Best Practice Recommendations for the Prevention and Management of Burns](#)

This paper offers a practical, easy-to-follow guide that incorporates the best available evidence. It outlines a process, or series of consecutive steps, that supports patient-centred care. The process, called the Wound Prevention and Management Cycle (see Figure 3), guides the clinician through a logical and systematic method for developing a customized plan for the prevention and management of burn injuries, from the initial assessment to a sustainable treatment plan targeting self-management for the patient.

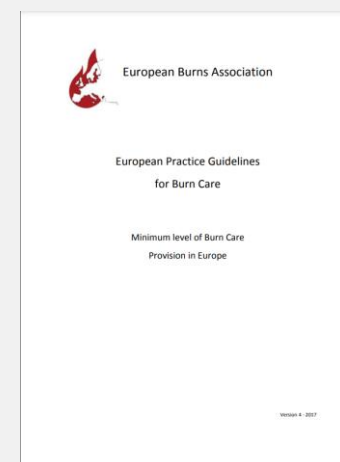


European Burns Association (EBA). Version 4. 2017:

[European Practice Guidelines for Burn Care. Minimum level of Burn Care Provision in Europe](#)

When speaking about the Practice Guidelines for Provisional Burn Care, the following questions should be answered and are discussed in this document:

- What is burn injury and burn care in general?
- Where should burn care be provided?
- Who should be the subject providing burn care?
- Who should be the object of burn care?
- How should burn care be provided?
- Which European countries are involved?



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International Society for Burn Injury (ISBI) 2016: [ISBI Practice Guidelines for Burn Care. Part 1. Burns 2016.](#)

The ISBI Guidelines for Burn Care has been written to address the needs of burn specialists everywhere in the world. The mission of the ISBI Practice Guidelines Committee is to create a set of clinical guidelines to improve the care of burn patients and reduce costs by outlining recommendations for management of specific medical problems encountered in burn care, recommendations which are supported by objective and comprehensive reviews of the literature as well as by expert opinion. Our vision is that these guidelines for burn care in resource-limited settings (RLS) will recognize the current best and most cost-effective methods of treatment.



New South Wales, (NSW) Australia 2019: [Clinical guideline, Burn transfer guidelines. NSW Government. 4th edition. 2019.](#)

The following guidelines were developed by specialist staff working within the ACI Statewide Burn Injury Service (SBIS) from the tertiary burn units at The Children's Hospital at Westmead (CHW), Royal North Shore Hospital (RNSH) and Concord Repatriation General Hospital (CRGH).

The guidelines are designed for use by staff working in these burn units, and clinicians working in other areas and facilities, to guide practice, not to replace clinical judgement

